REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE ANDERSON COUNTY SHERIFF

For The Year Ended December 31, 2009



CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

AUDIT EXAMINATION OF THE ANDERSON COUNTY SHERIFF

For The Year Ended December 31, 2009

The Auditor of Public Accounts has completed the Anderson County Sheriff's audit for the year ended December 31, 2009. Based upon the audit work performed, the financial statement presents fairly, in all material respects, the revenues, expenditures, and excess fees in conformity with the regulatory basis of accounting.

Financial Condition:

Excess fees did not change from the prior year, resulting in no excess fees as of December 31, 2009. Revenues increased by \$39,273 from the prior year and expenditures increased by \$39,273.

Deposits:

The Sheriff's deposits were insured and collateralized by bank securities.

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CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Steve Cornish, Anderson County Judge/Executive The Honorable Troy Young, Anderson County Sheriff Members of the Anderson County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited the accompanying statement of revenues, expenditures, and excess fees regulatory basis of the Sheriff of Anderson County, Kentucky, for the year ended December 31, 2009. This financial statement is the responsibility of the Sheriff. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the Audit Guide for County Fee Officials issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described in Note 1, the Sheriff's office prepares the financial statement on a regulatory basis of accounting that demonstrates compliance with the laws of Kentucky, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the revenues, expenditures, and excess fees of the Sheriff for the year ended December 31, 2009, in conformity with the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated May 3, 2010 on our consideration of the Anderson County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing</u> Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.



The Honorable Steve Cornish, Anderson County Judge/Executive The Honorable Troy Young, Anderson County Sheriff Members of the Anderson County Fiscal Court

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Sheriff and Fiscal Court of Anderson County, Kentucky, and the Commonwealth of Kentucky and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these interested parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accounts

May 3, 2010

ANDERSON COUNTY TROY YOUNG, SHERIFF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND EXCESS FEES - REGULATORY BASIS

For The Year Ended December 31, 2009

Revenues

Federal Grants		\$ 1,764
State - Kentucky Law Enforcement Foundation Program Fund (KLEFPF)		57,346
State Fees For Services: Finance and Administration Cabinet Sheriff Security Service Cabinet for Health and Family Services	\$ 21,025 25,517 194	46,736
Circuit Court Clerk: Fines and Fees Collected		3,280
Fiscal Court		106,970
County Clerk - Delinquent Taxes		38,259
Commission On Taxes Collected		455,404
Fees Collected For Services: Auto Inspections Accident and Police Reports Serving Papers Carrying Concealed Deadly Weapon Permits	7,090 276 52,091 5,820	65,277
Other: Reimbursements Tax Penalty Fees Courthouse Fees Returned Check Fees Telecommunications Tax Miscellaneous	10,073 56,616 12,590 250 939 756	81,224
Interest Earned		852

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ANDERSON COUNTY

TROY YOUNG, SHERIFF

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND EXCESS FEES - REGULATORY BASIS For The Year Ended December 31, 2009 (Continued)

Revenues (Continued)

Miscellaneous

Borrowed Money:		
State Advancement		\$ 218,465
Total Revenues		1,075,577
<u>Expenditures</u>		
Operating Expenditures and Capital Outlay:		
Personnel Services-		
Deputies' Salaries	\$ 459,619	
Part-Time Salaries	38,871	
KLEFPF	43,842	
Overtime	2,211	
Employee Benefits-		
KLEFPF - Matching Retirement	13,488	
Benefits Package Repayments	55,855	
Contracted Services-		
Advertising	737	
Storage Rental	738	
Wireless Communication	4,622	
Vehicle Maintenance and Repairs	16,676	
Materials and Supplies-		
Office Materials and Supplies	6,976	
Uniforms	16,431	
Auto Expense-		
Gasoline	33,073	
Other Charges-		
Conventions and Travel	650	
Dues	746	
Postage	633	
Courthouse Fees	12,590	
Bond	5,845	
Deputy Training	6,213	
Imagistics	427	
Transcor	1,827	
Range Maintenance	1,189	
Click It or Ticket Grant	1,764	

ANDERSON COUNTY

TROY YOUNG, SHERIFF

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND EXCESS FEES - REGULATORY BASIS For The Year Ended December 31, 2009

(Continued)

Expenditures (Continued):

Operating Expenditures and Capital Outlay (Continued):

Capital Outlay-		
Office Equipment	\$ 11,166	
Vehicles	41,308	\$ 777,732
Debt Service:		
State Advancement		 218,465
Total Expenditures		996,197
Net Revenues		79,380
Less: Statutory Maximum		79,380
Balance Due Fiscal Court		\$ 0

ANDERSON COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

December 31, 2009

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Fund Accounting

A fee official uses a fund to report on the results of operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

A fee official uses a fund for fees to account for activities for which the government desires periodic determination of the excess of revenues over expenditures to facilitate management control, accountability, and compliance with laws.

B. Basis of Accounting

KRS 64.820 directs the fiscal court to collect any amount, including excess fees, due from the Sheriff as determined by the audit. KRS 134.310 requires the Sheriff to settle excess fees with the fiscal court at the time he files his final settlement with the fiscal court.

The financial statement has been prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting, which demonstrates compliance with the laws of Kentucky and is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under this regulatory basis of accounting revenues and expenditures are generally recognized when cash is received or disbursed with the exception of accrual of the following items (not all-inclusive) at December 31 that may be included in the excess fees calculation:

- Interest receivable
- Collection on accounts due from others for 2009 services
- Reimbursements for 2009 activities
- Tax commissions due from December tax collections
- Payments due other governmental entities for payroll
- Payments due vendors for goods or services provided in 2009

The measurement focus of a fee official is upon excess fees. Remittance of excess fees is due to the County Treasurer in the subsequent year.

C. Cash and Investments

At the direction of the fiscal court, KRS 66.480 authorizes the Sheriff's office to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

ANDERSON COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT December 31, 2009 (Continued)

Note 2. Employee Retirement System

The county officials and employees have elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems. This is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan that covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members.

Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute. Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5.0 percent of their salary to the plan. Nonhazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 are required to contribute 6 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 13.50 percent for the first six months and 16.16 percent for the last six months of the year.

Hazardous covered employees are required to contribute 8 percent of their salary to the plan. Hazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 are required to contribute 9 percent of their salary to the plan to be allocated as follows: 8 percent will go to the member's account and 1 percent will go to the KRS insurance fund. The county's contribution rate for hazardous employees was 29.50 percent for the first six months and 32.97 percent for the last six months of the year.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Nonhazardous who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008, must meet the rule of 87 (members age plus years of service credit must equal 87 and the member must be a minimum of 57 years of age) or the member is age 65 with minimum of 60 months service credit.

Aspects of benefits for hazardous employees include retirement after 20 years of service or age 55. For hazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008, aspects of benefits include retirement after 25 years of service or the member is age 60, with a minimum of 60 months of service credit.

Historical trend information pertaining to CERS' progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Retirement Systems' annual financial report which is a matter of public record. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

ANDERSON COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT December 31, 2009 (Continued)

Note 3. Deposits

The Anderson County Sheriff maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) as required by KRS 66.480(1)(d). According to KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the Sheriff and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the Sheriff's deposits may not be returned. The Anderson County Sheriff does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk but rather follows the requirements of KRS 41.240(4). As of December 31, 2009, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

Note 4. Special Accounts

A. Forfeiture Account

The Anderson County Sheriff's Office maintains a drug forfeiture account. This account is funded with proceeds from confiscation, surrender or sell of real and personal property included in drug related convictions. This account had a beginning balance of \$9,841 on January 1, 2009. Receipts in this account for the year totaled \$5,935, and the Sheriff spent \$7,765 out of this account during the year, leaving a balance of \$8,011 as of December 31, 2009.

B. DARE Account

The Anderson County Sheriff's Office maintains a DARE Account. This account is used to pursue drug abuse resistance education. This account had a beginning balance of \$5,677 on January 1, 2009. Receipts in this account totaled \$16,375, and the Sheriff spent \$14,537 out of this account during the year, leaving a balance of \$7,515 as of December 31, 2009.

C. ACDIF Account

The Anderson County Sheriff's Office maintains the Anderson County Drug Intervention Fund (ACDIF). This fund was set up through the Fiscal Court and is an account funded by the City of Lawrenceburg, the Anderson County Fiscal Court, and some funding that comes through the court system. There is a board that oversees this account. The Sheriff is the Treasurer and the board consists of the County Judge/Executive, the Mayor, the County Attorney, the City Attorney, the Circuit Court Clerk, and the Police Chief. This fund is for drug intervention, education, equipment, drug awareness and supports the DARE program. This account had a beginning balance of \$6,365 on January 1, 2009. Receipts in this account for the year totaled \$17,072, and \$5,533 was expended, leaving a balance of \$17,904 as of December 31, 2009.

ANDERSON COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT December 31, 2009 (Continued)

Note 5. Grant

The Anderson County Sheriff's Office received a Click It Or Ticket Grant for an amount up to \$2,000. During the grant period, the Sheriff's Office expended \$1,764. The grant was for the overtime enforcement of all traffic laws with a primary focus on occupant protection during Click It Or Ticket between May 18, 2009 through May 31, 2009.



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Steve Cornish, Anderson County Judge/Executive The Honorable Troy Young, Anderson County Sheriff Members of the Anderson County Fiscal Court

> Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

We have audited the statement of revenues, expenditures, and excess fees - regulatory basis of the Anderson County Sheriff for the year ended December 31, 2009, and have issued our report thereon dated May 3, 2010. The Sheriff's financial statement is prepared in accordance with a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Anderson County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statement, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statement that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statement will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.



Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

Compliance And Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Anderson County Sheriff's financial statement for the year ended December 31, 2009, is free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Anderson County Fiscal Court, and the Department for Local Government and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accounts

May 3, 2010